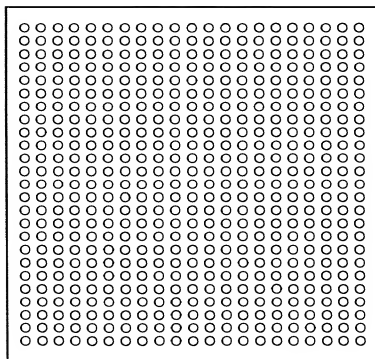


```
graph TD
    101((101 PERSON WHO IS TO UNDERGO BLOOD SAMPLING)) -- BLOOD --> 102[102 DNA EXTRACTOR]
    102 -- DNA --> 105[105 REACTOR]
    subgraph 105 [105 REACTOR]
        104[104 DNA SAMPLE] -- "+" --> 103[103 DNA MICROARRAY]
        103 --> HR[HYBRIDIZATION REACTION]
    end
    HR --> 106[106 HYBRIDIZED DNA MICROARRAY]
    106 --> 107[107 READER]
    108[108 INFORMATION ERASER] --> 107
    107 -- "WRITE AS DIGITAL INFORMATION" --> 111[111 DRIVER'S LICENSE OR PASSPORT]
    106 -- "ATTACH DNA MICROARRAY" --> 110[110 DRIVER'S LICENSE OR PASSPORT]
```

The flowchart illustrates a process for creating a driver's license or passport using DNA. It begins with a person (101) undergoing blood sampling. The blood is processed by a DNA extractor (102) to produce DNA. This DNA is then used in a reactor (105) along with a DNA sample (104) and a DNA microarray (103) to perform a hybridization reaction. The resulting hybridized DNA microarray (106) is then read by a reader (107). An information eraser (108) is also connected to the reader. The reader outputs digital information, which is written to a driver's license or passport (111). Additionally, the hybridized DNA microarray (106) is attached to another driver's license or passport (110).

FIG. 2

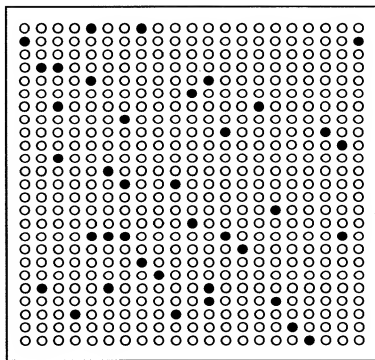


FIG. 4

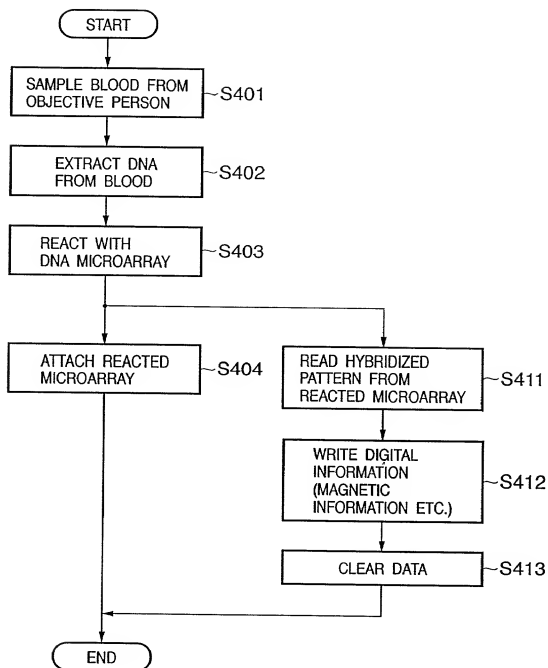


FIG. 5

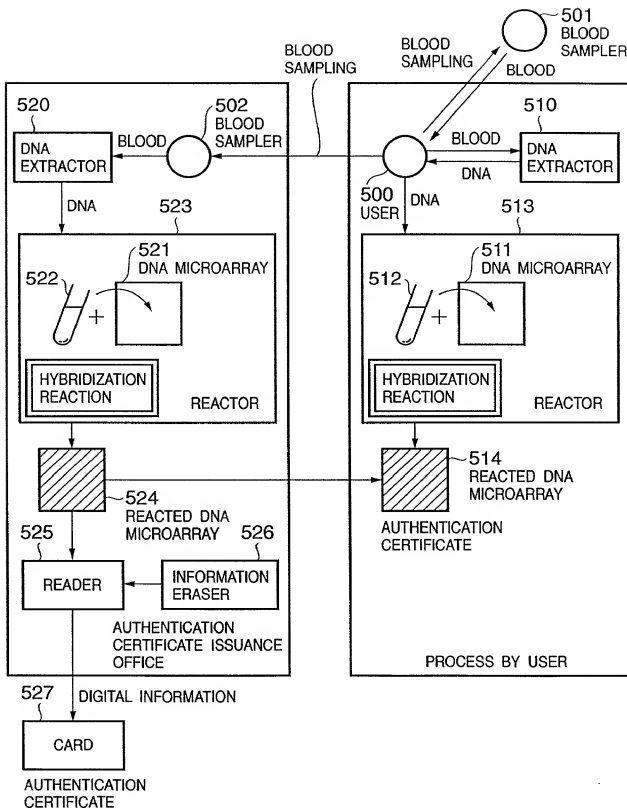


FIG. 6

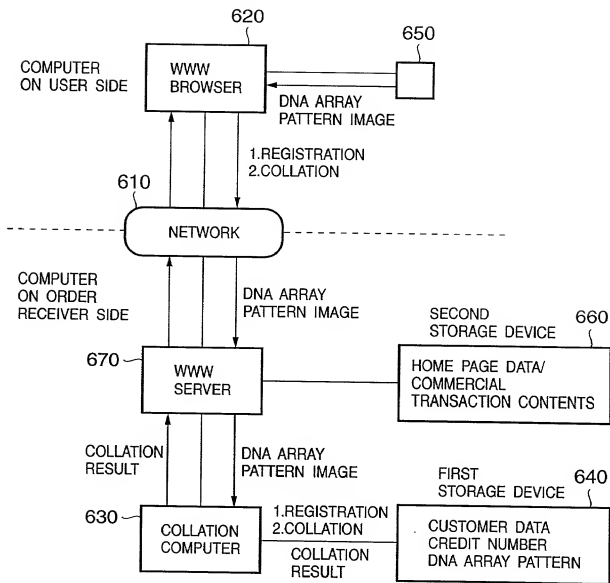


FIG. 7

DNA MICROARRAY TYPE	701
NUMBER OF BLACK DOTS	702
POSITION DATA(#1) OF BLACK DOT	703
⋮	
POSITION DATA(#n) OF BLACK DOT	

FIG. 8

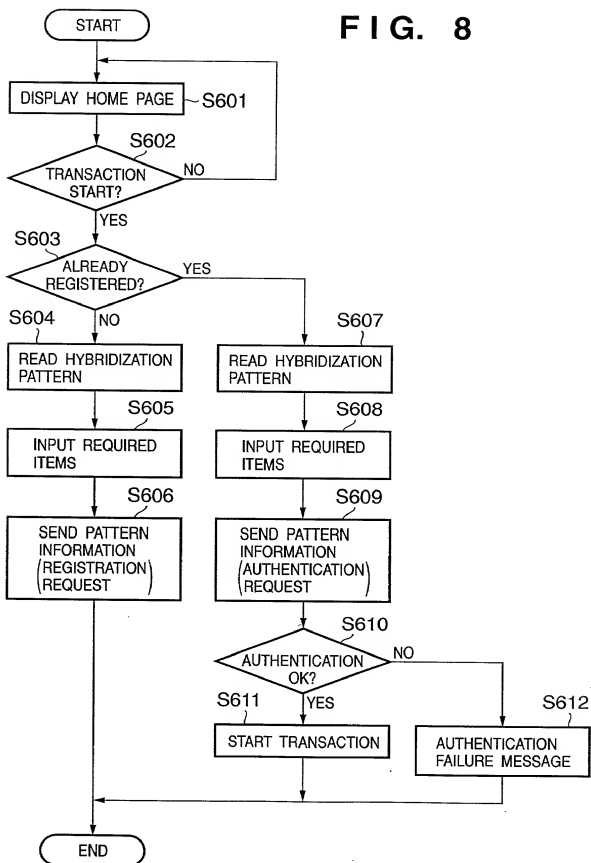


FIG. 9

